



## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product identifier: **CIDEX 51 T LU**

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses: Water repeller. For professional user/industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

ECOLANIC SOLUTIONS SLU  
Poligono Industrial El Pla, 19  
46290 Alcacer - Valencia - Spain  
Tfno.: +34 961 22 93 65  
compras@ecolanic.es  
www.ecolanic.es

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number: 961 22 93 65 (Horario de atención: 08:30 – 13:30 y de 16:00 – 18:00)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\*

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008.

Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

### 2.2 Label elements:

#### CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:

**Danger**



#### Hazard statements:

Aquatic Chronic 2: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Asp. Tox. 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid and vapour

STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### Precautionary statements:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

Keep out of reach of children

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to extinguish.

Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment

#### Supplementary information:

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7

### 2.3 Other hazards:

Non-applicable

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

### 3.1 Substance:

Non-applicable

### 3.2 Mixture:

**Chemical description:** Solution composed of siloxanes in solvent

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 64742-82-1 EC: 265-185-4 Index: 649-330-00-2 REACH: 01-2119490979-12-XXXX	<b>naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , &lt; 0.1 % EC 200-753-7</b>	ATP ATP05	<b>75 - &lt;100 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6 Index: 603-001-00-X REACH: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX	<b>Methanol</b>	ATP CLP00	<b>&lt;1 %</b>
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 1: H370 - Danger	

To obtain more information on the risk of the substances consult sections 8, 11, 12, 15 and 16.

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

#### By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

#### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

#### By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administrate anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Non-applicable

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO2). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use tap water as an extinguishing agent.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

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## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EC.

### Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

#### A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

#### B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 94/9/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

#### C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

#### D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

#### A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.:	5 °C
Maximum Temp.:	35 °C
Maximum time:	12 Months

#### B.- General conditions for storage

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## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the work environment

Identification		Environmental limits	
Methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6		IOELV (8h)	200 ppm
		IOELV (STEL)	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		Year	2015

#### DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	Oral	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable	Non-applicable
	Dermal	40 mg/kg	Non-applicable	40 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	Oral	8 mg/kg	Non-applicable	8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Dermal	8 mg/kg	Non-applicable	8 mg/kg	Non-applicable
	Inhalation	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### PNEC:

Identification			
Methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water
	Soil	23,5 mg/kg	Marine water
	Intermittent	1540 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)
	Oral	Non-applicable	Sediment (Marine water)



### 8.2 Exposure controls:

#### A.- General security and hygiene measures in the work place



As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Directive 89/686/EC. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1.

All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

#### B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	 CAT III	EN 405:2001+A1:2009	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

#### C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	 CAT III	EN 374-1:2003 EN 374-3:2003/AC:2006 EN 420:2003+A1:2009	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.



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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application



### D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face mask		EN 166:2001 EN 167:2001 EN 168:2001 EN ISO 4007:2012	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

### E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties		EN 1149-1:2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 EN ISO 6529:2001 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN 13287:2008 EN ISO 20345:2011 EN 13832-1:2006	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

### F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2002	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2002

### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

### Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply): 93,75 % weight  
V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 749,96 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (749,96 g/L)  
Average carbon number: 9  
Average molecular weight: 119,98 g/mol

With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, this product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. density at 20 °C: 749,96 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (749,96 g/L)  
EUlimit for the product (Cat. A.H): 750 g/L (2010)  
Components: Non-applicable

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

#### Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C: Liquid  
Appearance: Colorless  
Color: Not available  
Odor: Ethereal

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Odour threshold: Non-applicable \*

### Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 150 °C

Vapour pressure at 20 °C: 212 Pa

Vapour pressure at 50 °C: 1614 Pa (2 kPa)

Evaporation rate at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

### Product description:

Density at 20 °C: 800 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Relative density at 20 °C: 0,8

Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C: <20,5 cSt

Concentration: Non-applicable \*

pH: Non-applicable \*

Vapour density at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Solubility in water at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Solubility properties: Non-applicable \*

Decomposition temperature: Non-applicable \*

Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable \*

Explosive properties: Non-applicable \*

Oxidising properties: Non-applicable \*

### Flammability:

Flash Point: 42 °C

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable \*

Autoignition temperature: 275 °C

Lower flammability limit: Not available

Upper flammability limit: Not available

### 9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 20 °C: Non-applicable \*

Refraction index: Non-applicable \*

\*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

### 10.5 Incompatible materials:

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## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

Acids	Water	Combustive materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

#### A.- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
- Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

#### F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

#### G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

#### Other information:

Non-applicable

#### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

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## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	5100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64742-82-1	LD50 dermal	3160 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 265-185-4	LC50 inhalation	12 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Methanol	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 67-56-1	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 200-659-6	LC50 inhalation	3 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

### 12.1 Toxicity:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LC50	Non-applicable		
CAS: 64742-82-1	EC50	4.3 mg/L (96 h)	Crangon crangon	Crustacean
EC: 265-185-4	EC50	Non-applicable		
Methanol	LC50	15400 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
CAS: 67-56-1	EC50	12000 mg/L (96 h)	Nitrocra spinipes	Crustacean
EC: 200-659-6	EC50	530 mg/L (168 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Methanol	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 67-56-1	COD	1.42 g O2/g	Period	14 days
EC: 200-659-6	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	92 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	BCF	645
CAS: 64742-82-1	Pow Log	4
EC: 265-185-4	Potential	High
Methanol	BCF	3
CAS: 67-56-1	Pow Log	-0.77
EC: 200-659-6	Potential	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Methanol	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 67-56-1	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
EC: 200-659-6	Surface tension	2,355E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	Dangerous

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable

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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See paragraph 6.2.

### Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) n°1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2015 and RID 2015:



- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>14.1 UN number:</b>  | UN1993  |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>  | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7) |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>   | 3   |
| Labels:   | 3   |
| <b>14.4 Packing group:</b>  | III   |
| <b>14.5 Dangerous for the environment:</b>                                      | Yes   |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  |   |
| Special regulations:  | 274, 601, 640E  |
| Tunnel restriction code:  | D/E   |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9   |
| Limited quantities:   | 5 L   |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b> | Non-applicable  |

### Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 37-14:



- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>14.1 UN number:</b>  | UN1993  |
| <b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>  | FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7) |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>   | 3   |
| Labels:   | 3   |
| <b>14.4 Packing group:</b>  | III   |
| <b>14.5 Dangerous for the environment:</b>                                      | Yes   |
| <b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>  |   |
| Special regulations:  | 223, 274, 955   |
| EmS Codes:  | F-E, S-E  |
| Physico-Chemical properties:  | see section 9   |
| Limited quantities:   | 5 L   |
| <b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b> | Non-applicable  |

### Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2015:

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## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



<b>14.1 UN number:</b>	UN1993
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name:</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy , < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7)
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es):</b>	3
Labels:	3
<b>14.4 Packing group:</b>	III
<b>14.5 Dangerous for the environment:</b>	Yes
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	
Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:</b>	Non-applicable

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH): Non-applicable

Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Non-applicable

Regulation (EC) 1005/2009, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Non-applicable

Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Non-applicable

REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Non-applicable

#### **Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):**

Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:

- metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,
- artificial snow and frost,
- "whoopie" cushions,
- silly string aerosols,
- imitation excrement,
- horns for parties,
- decorative flakes and foams,
- artificial cobwebs,
- stink bombs.

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

#### **Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:**

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### **Other legislation:**

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

### **Legislation related to safety data sheets:**

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) N° 1907/2006 (Regulation (EC) N° 2015/830)

### **Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:**

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## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

### COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3):

- Removed Content  
Dioctyltin dilaurate (3648-18-8)

### CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

- Precautionary statements

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### CLP Regulation (EC) n° 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled  
Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects  
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour  
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour  
STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs  
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

### Classification procedure:

STOT SE 3: Calculation method  
Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method  
Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method  
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

### Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

### Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://esis.jrc.ec.europa.eu>  
<http://echa.europa.eu>  
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

### Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road  
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code  
IATA: International Air Transport Association  
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation  
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand  
BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor  
LD50: Lethal Dose 50  
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50  
EC50: Effective concentration 50  
Log-POW: Octanol–water partition coefficient  
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon